How-To Cluster: A Trouble-Shooting Guide

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Part 1: Things You Will Do Regularly

I. This guide is to serve as a launch pad for all new administrators of the Florida Tech Tier 3 Cluster. The majority of this guide is dedicated to clearly explaining solutions to specific problems that have been encountered by previous administrators. As a new administrator it is part of your responsiblities to update this guide. Note, unlike your daily logs this file should only contain solutions that worked and should be written so clearly that someone with very little linux experience could understand the steps. The first section ought to serve as a good intro to any new apprentice to an administrator as well as serve as a reminder to graduating admins of the steps they must take before leaving to ensure the stability of the cluster without them.

II. Need to Know

- a. Certificates:
 - i. You will need a grid certificate to identify yourself as a trustworthy source to several websites such as <u>https://oim.grid.iu.edu/oim/home</u>. Very clear instructions are located on the twiki: uscms1.fltech-grid3.fit.edu/twiki.
 - ii. Have to renew your membership with VOs (virtual Organizations) too. Go to <u>https://lcg-voms.cern.ch:8443/vo/cms/vomrs?path=/</u><u>RootNode&action=execute</u>

Then do >Member Info> Resign . Re-sign the grid and VO AUPs.

- iii. Cluster Certificates need to be updated too.
 - 1. Phedex User on SE, see Other Issues.
 - Replace with a copy of your own. Then need to edit the proxyrenewal script:
 /sandbox/phedex/gridcert/proxyrenew.sh.forpatrick to include your password. Should be obvious where to type it.
 - SE CRLs: have to update them as root on the SE ssh <u>username@uscms1.fltech-qrid3.fit.edu</u> sudo su root source /sandbox/osg-se/setup.sh vdt-control --on fetch-crl This updates them and adds this command to the crontab so it will be run periodically. Or update them manually with: \$VDT_LOCATION/fetch-crl/share/doc/fetch-crl-2.6.6/fetch-crl.cron
 Worker Node CRLs, see below
 - Host, http, and RSV certificates:
 Find the twiki documentation
 Must have OSG gridadmin access granted first so contact them

For Http certificates

\$ /opt/osg/cert-scripts/bin/cert-gridadmin --host uscms1.fltechgrid3.fit.edu --service http --email pford@my.fit.edu --affiliation osg --vo cms --prefix http-uscms1

For RSV certificates

\$ /opt/osg/cert-scripts/bin/cert-gridadmin --host uscms1.fltechgrid3.fit.edu --service rsv --email pford@my.fit.edu --affiliation osg -vo cms --prefix rsv-uscms1

For Host Certificates

\$ /opt/osg/cert-scripts/bin/cert-gridadmin --host uscms1.fltechgrid3.fit.edu --email pford@my.fit.edu --affiliation osg --vo cms -prefix host-uscms1

Then make a copy of the host cert and rename as the containercert Also note that both httpcert/key need to be owned by daemon!

 iv. Certificate Authority, at one point you will probably have to become the CA for the group as previous sysadmins graduate. At this point you will need to: Install mozilla thunderbird (or another email client that allows you to digitally sign emails) then followed the instructions here to import your Grid certificate into it.

https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/Security/OsgRaOperations#Digitally_signed_e mail

https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/Security/ThunderbirdSmime

Then sent an email to burt that was digitally signed and now hopefully he'll respond saying its all set up. the more official route is described in the first website above.

b. Twiki:

- i. As an admin, you are also responsible for updating the twiki with daily logs, reports, publications, and any other articles you want to write.
- ii. To update the twiki, files too be uploaded must be copied to the /var/www/html directory on the cluster. Then the user should go the wiki homepage, log in, edit their section and follow the syntax of previous users.

c. Websites:

- i. <u>https://oim.grid.iu.edu/oim/home</u> Security Admin's Site. Must have a cert to view.
- ii. <u>http://uscms1.fltech-grid3.fit.edu</u> Cluster Homepage
- iii. <u>http://uscms1.fltech-grid3.fit.edu/twiki</u> Information about the Cluster. Keep Updated.
- iv. <u>http://uscms1.fltech-grid3.fit.edu/ganglia/</u> Snapshot view of cluster performance. Check Daily.
- v. <u>http://dashb-cms-sam.cern.ch/dashboard/request.py/siteviewhome</u> Snapshot view of cluster status. Check Daily. Must have a cert for full access.
- vi. <u>http://myosg.grid.iu.edu/about</u> snapshot view of cluster status and performance. Check Daily. Great for graphs for posters/presentations.
- d. Email Lists:

- Hypernews: hn-cms-osg-tier3@cern.ch Instructions are on the twiki, under getting certificates, for joining this list. Great resource for all cluster problems/issues. Very helpful and intelligent community.
- ii. Condor: condor-users.cs.wisc.edu
 Join at <u>https://lists.cs.wisc.edu/mailman/listinfo/condor-users</u>.
 Great resource for issues with condor.
- iii. Ganglia: ganglia-general.lists.sourceforge.net Join at <u>https://lists.sourceforge.net/lists/listinfo/ganglia-general</u>. Great resource for all ganglia issues. Archives are located at <u>http://sourceforge.net/mailarchive/forum.php?forum_name=ganglia-general</u>
 iv. Rocks: npaci-rocks-discussion.sdsc.edu
- Join at <u>https://lists.sdsc.edu/mailman/listinfo.cgi/npaci-rocks-discussion</u> I have rarely used it but its still a good idea.

III. Updates

- a. CRAB
 - -Download the tarball (a .tgz or so file) -Copy it to /mnt/nas0/OSG/APP/crab
 - -Change the group and owner to uscms01
 - -Untar the tarball.
 - tar -xvf CRAB_x_x_x.tgz
 -change to the new CRAB_x_x_x directory
 -setup CRAB
 ./configure
- b. CMSSW
 - -Check current versions under the swinst SAM test -Bockjoo from UF will automatically update it for all tier 3's. -Ask him if he doesn't.
- c. Kernel

-Basically only update it if there is a serious security problem. The OSG Security team will email you with details. Then just do...

-yum install kernel

-it automatically selects the right one, must run on CE and SE and then reboot.

d. Ganglia

-restart /etc/init.d/gmetad
-restart /etc/init.d/gmond

e. CVS

Records the history of yor file, but only stores the differences between versions. \$cd SITECONF/T3_US_FIT

\$export CVS_RSH=/usr/bin/ssh

\$export CVSROOT=:ext:pford@cmscvs.cern.ch:/cvs_server/repositories/CMSSW
\$cvs commit

OR

\$cps add <file>

f. Condor

https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/viewauth/Tier3/CondorSharedInstall

IV. Phedex (Physics Experiment Data exports)

Transfers data files, handles aything we import or epxort out of the cluster

- a. How to Use (online)
 - i. go to https://cmsweb.cern.ch/dbs_discovery/
 - ii. check what datasets are already available at our site with: find dataset where site like *FLTECH*
 - iii. check what dataset is available begininning with a specific name find dataset where dataset like /Mu/aeverett/*
 - iv. in some instances you need to change where you search from global to _02 etc.
 - v. When you see the dataset you want, click phedex and fill in the required forms. Default values are good for most cases.
 - vi. Monitor transaction at: https://cmsweb.cern.ch/phedex/prod/Data::Subscriptions
 - vii. On our cluster all requested and transferred datasets are stored at: /mnt/nas0/OSG/BeStMan/cms/store/
 - viii. Some datasets have to be passed through T2_US_Florida first so you request both T2_US_Florida and T3_US_FIT
- b. How to Use (command line)
 - i. When there is an issue with phedex it is good practice to try and test it using the manual srmcp command.
 - ii. The syntax is srmcp -2 –debug=true srm://<location of file>:8443/srm/v2/server?SFN=<file to transfer> <u>file:////<destinationfile</u>>
 - iii. Here is an example:
 \$ srmcp -2 -debug=true
 srm://srmb.ihepa.ufl.edu:8443/srm/v2/server?SFN=/cms/data/test/srmb_test.2
 file:///tmp/from_srmb.1
 - iv. Note, could also do from an srm to an srm or from a file to an srm or from a file to a file. Files are always followed by //// while srms have only two slashes.
 - v. If transfers aren't working between sites, you can test a transfer from our SE to our SE. one example is:

\$ srmcp -2 -debug=true srm://uscms1-se.fltechgrid3.fit.edu:8443/srm/v2/server/S/store/unmerged/SAM/testSRM/SAMuscms1-se.fltech-grid3.fit.edu/lcg-util/pfordtestfile file:////home/xfave/from_uf.1

- vi. Also, to be able to run these commands must first create a proxy from your certificate.
 - \$grid-proxy-init
- c. Resources
 - i. <u>http://cmsweb.cern.ch/phedex/prod/Reports::DailyReport</u> ctrl-F to see our cluster's phedex activity for the past month
- d. Past Issues

Problem 1: Phedex failing to complete transfers between UF and us

Solution 1: They had to remap us to an account, so the issue was on their side this time.

- V. Crontab
 - a. Crontab is a file on linux machines that allows the user to run certain scripts periodically without having to remember to do them. Certificate renewal scripts are good example.

The phedex certificate proxy on the SE is renewed every week because it has an entry on the crontab. However the user can specify any type of periodicity: every second Monday for example.

b. For commands and syntax do *man crontab*. Google for a crontab calculator if you can't determine the syntax for the periodicty on your own.

VI. Printer

a. Access printer configuration with *telnet 163.118.206.154* from the cluster Type in password.
type "?" for HELP, or "/" for current settings *quit* to exit.

Only 10 computers may have access to the printer at any time. Choose Wisely.

- VII. Diagnostic Scripts
 - a. On the frontend there is a script at /usr/local/bin/DiagnosticsCE that when ran prints out the expiration dates of the various certificates as well as the current status of nfs, condor, and httpd. To run it simply type DiagnosticCE at the command prompt from any location on the cluster.
 - b. On the SE there is a script at /usr/local/bin/DiagnosticsSE that when ran prints out the expiration dates of the various certificates as well as the current status of squid, the expiration date of the phedex certificate and the phedex proxy. To run it simply type DiagnosticsSE at the command prompt from any location on the SE. Because it goes into private directories for squid and Phedex it must be run with sudo or as root.

PART 2: Solutions to Known Problems

VIII. Hardware Issues

- a. NAS: Network Attached Storage, our machine that is connected to the outside. Home directories are mounted on the NAS and the majority of our storage space is on it. Read Patrick's Installation Documentation for more.
- b. RAID: Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks, technology that allows computer users to achieve high levels of storage reliability from low-cost and less reliable PC_class disk-drive componets, via the technique of arranging the devices into arrays for redundancy.
- c. SE: Our Storage Element. Home to BeStMan (the Berkely Storage Manager)
- d. Frontend:

Problem 1: Cluster was down. No one could ssh in. In highbay the frontend was on, so logged on directly but could not ssh to nodes, nas, or SE. After rebooting everything manually (holding down the power off button and then turning it back on after a couple minutes) could ssh to nodes and nas but still not to SE.

Solution 1: A switch in the building, not one of ours, had stopped working so both the frontend and the SE (which are directly connected via ethernet cords to the outside world) could not be ssh'd to. IT went and reset the switch and everything was fine.

Note: used command traceroute from CE to my computer, olin.fit.edu, and from my computer to the CE to get a feel for where the problem was. This shows the individual steps it takes to connect (i.e.) where exactly the problem is.

- IX. Software Issues
 - a. Condor

Problem 1: Plenty of jobs in queue but some machines never run them.

-On Ganglia they're load display is virtually none.

-They are alive: proved with ping. *Ping compute-1-1*

-Condor is not running its daemons on them. condor_status

-Further checked by running following on worker node: ps -ef | egrep condor_

Solution 1: On those nodes that weren't running jobs the /scratch partition was 100 percent full. Delete the files produced from failed jobs.

\$ ssh compute-1-1
\$ df -h
/dev/sda3 193G 866M 182G 100% /scratch
\$ cd /scratch/wn_tmp
\$ sudo rm -rf cms_*
\$ /sbin/service condor start
\$ exit
\$ condor_status

Problem 2: One node is not running condor. Hence no jobs are running on it.

Solution 2: Had to remount the scratch directory as readwrite. Note it appeared as rewrite from mount command but not under cat /etc/fstab. Had to edit fstab to be explicit and then remount it

ssh to the compute node causing problems. \$vi /etc/fstab LABEL=/scratch /scratch ext3 rw,errors=remount-ro 0 0 \$umount /dev/sda3 /scratch #unmounts the directory \$mount -a #mount the directory with the write flag \$/sbin/service condor start

IX. Online Metrics Issues

a. Ganglia: http://uscms1.fltech-grid3.fit.edu/ganglia/

Problem 1: Rocks Addons aren't working

Solution 1: Run both of the following commands on the frontend. The first one restarts greceptor on all the nodes, the second one restarts it on the frontend. Note this only fixed

\$ tentakel -g compute 'service greceptor restart' \$ service greceptor restart

b. CMS: SAM Tests: (These get rerun every 30 minutes but if they can't find a place in the queue they time out and try again in another 30 minutes. They tell us what is or is not working, tell us if CRAB jobs will or will not run and if Phedex will have issues.)

Problem 1: Swinst test gives notice that we're missing a CMSSW version or patch

Solution 1: Bockjoo at UF will take care of it. He is in charge of updating these versions on all Tier 3's. If he doesn't send him an email and he'll happily add the missing one to our configuration.

Problem 2: Failing mc, sft-job, and prod. Two give error message cannot download testjob.sh

Solution 2: Had to update the CRL certificates on the worker nodes.

```
$cd /
```

\$In -s /mnt/nas0 nas0\$source /mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/setup.sh\$vdt-ca-manage setupca --location mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/globus/share/certificates --url osg\$vdt-control -on fetch-crl(Added the renewal of these certificates to the
Crontab)

Problem 3: Failing CE_MC and the SE-srmv2, both give a certificate related error. **Solution 3:**

>Update host and webservice certificates.

Can check status of host certificate with... openssl x509 -in /etc/grid-security/hostcert.pem -subject -issuer -dates -noout Same for webcert but with their names in instead. Instructions for updating them at... https://twiki.grid.iu.edu/bin/view/ReleaseDocumentation/GetGridCertificates

SAM tests now giving a new (unknown Error) and we are failing RSV SE tests as well.

>looking at patricks documentation for certificates and updating accordingly.(OSG Installation documentation from 2008, find on Wiki)

config.ini file at /sandbox/backups/configfiles/system-config/Config/OSG restarted phedex with

\$ /sandbox/phedex/PHEDEX/Utilities/Master -config SITECONF/T3_US_FIT/PhEDEx/Config.Prod start

>Turn bestman on

export PATH=\$PATH:\$VDT_LOCATION/bestman/bin
go to VDT_LOCATION on the SE (/sandbox/osg-se)
. setup.sh (command to initialize the vdt environment)
vdt-control --off
vdt-control --on

errors: enabling inetd service gsiftp... FAILED! (see logs/vdt-control.log) found conflicting, non-VDT entry for service fsiftp in /etc/service

> a new sam test started failing, running the bestman config created a config file with bestman in FULL mode instead of GATEWAY which is what was created last time. >Did a brand new bestman install using a script from doug command was... ~djohnson/InstallBestman /sandbox/bestman-1.2.13 (ran on SE) To make it our primary install read post-install/README Turn off old installation: cd /sandbox/osq-se source setup.sh vdt-control --force --off Set up new install: cd /sandbox/bestman-1.2.13/post-install cp qsi-authz.conf prima-authz.conf /etc/qrid-security cd /sandbox/bestman-1.2.13 source setup.sh vdt-control --force --on Run a test to see if its working: test RSV Probes su rsvuser source /opt/osg-1.2/setup.sh cd ~ ./RunAllRSVProbes Fixed both the Sam and RSV problems Problem 4: Failing sam tests mc, cms-prod, and sft-job. Error Report says that the job was held and the proxy expired. Last night our Cluster Memory was also filled to 100% Solution 4: Need to renew the CA CRLs on the worker nodes. cd / In -s /mnt/nas0 nas0 source /mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/setup.sh vdt-ca-manage setupca --location /mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/globus/share/certificates -url osq and then maybe: vdt-control --on fetch-crl because uscms1> source /mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/setup.sh uscms> source /opt/sq-1.2/setup.sh is the wrong VDT installation for the worker nodes. Problem 5: SE failing Sam tests because of Authentication issues. Solution 5: Set up two symbolic links to help with the certificates \$sudo In -s /mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/globus/share/certificates-1.13/mnt/nas0/OSG /GRID/globus/share/certificates

\$sudo In -s /mnt/nas0/OSG/GRID/globus/share/certificates /mnt/nas0/OSG /GRID/globus/TRUSTED_CA

Problem 6: two Sam tests failing (mc and another one) as well as RSV tests on SE.
Solution 6: Basically whenever have an issue with the SE it's a good idea to refresh the vdt package as a first resort. In this case only had to do :
\$ ssh xfave@uscms1-se.fltech-grid3.fit.edu

\$ source /sandbox/bestman-1.2/setup.sh \$ vdt-control off \$vdt-control on

- **Problem 7:** Two SAM tests failing both related to srmcp and mapping errors. RSV-se Probes also failing. The internet was really erratic in OPS the day that we began having issues.
- **Solution 7:** One of the CRLs(7b54708e) on the SE had become corrupt. Had to basically trick it into thinking it didn't have an issue anymore.

cd /etc/grid-security/certificates # mkdir 7b54708e # mv 7b54708e* 7b54708e/ # /etc/init.d/bestman stop # /etc/init.d/bestman start

Then can test bestman with the following command, gives you same error as the SAM test would.

lcg-ls -b -D srmv2 -l 'srm://uscms1-se.fltech-

grid3.fit.edu:8443/srm/v2/server?SFN=/bestman/BeStMan/cms/store/unmerged' **Problem 8:** SAM tests failing (ce-mc, srmv2-lcg-cp, and ce-frontier has a note on it)

Solution 8: An updated version of the CRLs had been created by OSG. Had to put these on both the CE and SE in place of current ones. Created a back up first of the old ones just in case. Email from OSG had website from which to download the tarball of new CRLs. Then copied tarball to SE and CE. Unpackaged it and copied contents to official folder for certificates (/etc/grid-security/certificates) then changed permissions.

#source <\$VDT_LOCATION> (On CE: /opt/osg-1.2/setup.sh

On SE: /sandbox/bestman-1.2.13/setup.sh)

#cd /etc/grid-security/

#mkdir backupCerts2011

#cp /etc/grid-security/certificates/* /etc/grid-security/backupCerts2011/

#rm -rf /etc/grid-security/certificates/*

#mkdir newcerts2011

#cd newcerts2011

#cp <tarball> .

#tar -xvf <tarballname>

#cp /etc/grid-security/newcerts2011/certificates/* /etc/grid-security/certificates

#chown root /etc/grid-security/certificates/*

#chgrp root /etc/grid-security/certificates/*

#chmod ugo+rx /etc/grid-security/certificates/*

#vdt-control -on fetch-crl

Problem 9: SAM tests failing (mc, frontier, squid)

Errors : under mc it says edg-brokerinfo command not found, glite-brokerinfo-command not found. Under squid it says the squid server is down, under frontier it says can't connect to the ip address.

Solution 9:You need to restart the squid server.

ssh uscms1-se.fltech-grid3.fit.edu

/sandbox/squid/frontier-cache/squid/sbin/squid

It may say it was already running but this still fixed our problem.

Problem 10: Most of the SAM tests aren't being run. The few that are (sft-job and prod) are running very infrequently and failing because of proxy timeout errors.

Solution 10: NFS wasn't running. Need to restart it. Then can check status with second command, only 1 and 6 should be "off"

service nfs start

chkconfig --list | grep nfs

c. RSV

Problem 1: SE is periodically having issues. SRMv2 Service is in critical status

Critical Metrics:

SRMCP READ/WRITE: atempts to read and write against the SE using srmcp

ERROR: Cannot copy file: file:///opt/osg/osg-rsv/bin/probes/storage-probe-test-file to srm://uscms1-se.fltech-grid3.fit.edu:8443/srm/v2/server?

SFN=/bestman/BeStMan/1282832881-storage-probe-test-file-remote.4103 using SRM protocol 2 ... Bailing now.

Solution 1: Fixed with the solution to the SAM test problem at the same time. See SAM test: Problem 3

X. Other Issues

a. Certificates:

Problem: Phedex Certificate needs to be replaced after it expires

Solution: Certificates expire after one year so basically just replace the certs in .globus for the phedex user with the administrator's new renewed certificate . Must move the old certificates out of there first (keep a backup until you know the new ones are working, then you can delete them. Then need to edit the proxyrenewal script:

sandbox/phedex/gridcert/proxyrenew.sh.forpatrick to include the certificate password. Then just the run the script once to get it started. The script is on the cron tab so it will renew itself weekly.

\$sudo mv /home/phedex/.globus/* <BackupLocation> \$ sudo scp ~/.globus/* /home/phedex/.globus \$vim /sandbox/phedex/gridcert/proxyrenew.sh.forpatrick (type new password in where the old one was. Should be fairly obvious) \$./sandbox/phedex/gridcert/proxyrenew.sh.forpatrick

b. Login Failed

Problem: User can't login in to their account on the cluster **Solution**: Most likely they logged in repeatedly with the wrong password. Check for their ipaddress in the file /etc/denyhosts if it is there remove that ONE ipaddress from the list.

c. Prevent GUMS and Gridftp probes from running
1) set the following to disable in the config.ini
enable_gums_probes = %(disable)s

 Delete the submission file at \$VDT_LOCATION/osg-rsv/submissions/probes/*__gums-authorization-validatorprobe\@org.osg.gums.authorization-status.sub

3) Restart osg-rsv if it is running vdt-control --off osg-rsv vdt-control --on osg-rsv

d. **Problem:** NAS isn't mounted on a node.

Solution: edit /etc/fstab to match the same file on other nodes. Then remount everything in that file with # mount –a Then reset up the links for condor and restart condor.

In -s /nfs/condor/condor /opt/condor # source /opt/condor/condor.sh # cp /opt/condor/etc/examples/condor.boot /etc/init.d/condor # chkconfig --level 235 condor on #cp /opt/condor/condor.sh /opt/condor/condor.csh /etc/profile.d/ #/etc/init.d/condor start e. File is locked. Problem: While trying to restart something or run a program you receive "opt/rocks/sbin/<program or command name>",line in run raise_ ("error - lock file %'s exists"> %self.lockFlile error - lock file /var/lock/<program or command name> exist Generally you get this error with insert-ethers but solution is same regardless. Solution: You need to delete the file so its no longer locked and you can run the command # rm /var/lock/<program or command name> Then do whatever command caused you to originally receive the error. f. **Problem:** Did \$ sudo yum erase openIdap-2.3.27-8.el5 1.3 In order to erase a file that was creating dependencies conflicts with another file that needed to be installed. As a result it deleted all of the files that depended on it as well, NAS stopped mounting, Users weren't sent to home directories, SAM tests failed, and websites were down. Solution: First reinstalled all of the programs that had been deleted one by one. #yum install <file name> Reboot. "Bad Superblock" on Nas is seen on Frontend during reboot One of the missing programs was nfs-utils. When it was reinstalled we did #mount -v nas-0-0.local:/nas0 /mnt/nas0 To manually remount the NAS and now the NAS was back up and attached and users were directed to their home directories. Restarted condor manually with # /etc/init.d/condor start Tomcat connectors was the only program on the list YUM couldn't find so we downloaded it from source and reinstalled it which fixed the websites. # wget http://mirror.cc.columbia.edu/pub/software/apache//tomcat/tomcatconnectors/jk/source/jk-1.2.31/tomcat-connectors-1.2.31-src.tar.gz http://serverfault.com/questions/228879/apache-load-balancer-server-backup #tar zxvf tomcat-connectors-1.2.31-src.tar.gz #cd tomcat-connectors-1.2.31-src/native # ./configure --with-apxs=/usr/sbin/apxs # make # sudo make install #/sbin/service tomcat start #/sbin/service httpd start Then to fix the SAM tests we restarted VDT (on the frontend and the SE), nfs on the frontend, and squid on the SE #ssh uscms1-se.fltech-grid3.fit.edu #cd /sandbox/bestman-1.2.13 #source setup.sh #vdt-control --off #vdt-control --on # /sandbox/squid/frontier-cache/squid/sbin/squid #exit #cd /opt/osg-1.2 #source setup.sh #vdt-control --off #vdt-control --on #/sbin/service nfs start

XI. Absolute Basics

Note this section is for any new administrators that know literally nothing about looking at documentation or solving problems. With a little common sense you can probably figure most of this out easily.

a. Commands

You should have received the Linux Noob commands along with this so I won't go over those. I have not included descriptions of most of these because you are better off reading the man pages. Type man followed by one of the commands or simply googling it. You will learn more. Also try the commands without the options or with different ones to really get a feel for them.

```
df –h
condor q | less
condor_status
 man
scp HostnameToGive:<PathToFileToTransfer> HostnameToReceive:<FilePathToPlacelt>
        ex. Scp johndoe@uscms1.fltech-grid3.fit.edu:/home/johndoe/file.txt
        jdoe@myhomecomputer:~
ssh name@host
export VARIABLENAME = Destination PATH
du –sh
vim
In -s
uname -a
top
chown
chgrp
lastlog
cat /proc/version
tar -xvf <tarball>
sudo nautilus
#iptables -L | less
```

- b. Syntax
 - If you see something like CRAB_x_x_x in documentation. Where CRAB stands for any program. The x's are standing in place of version numbers. SO when you go to execute this command you must change them.
 - If you see something like cd <directory> . (Basically anything within <> means type your own and leave out the <> when you execute the command. i.e. cd myhomedirectory
 - Whenever you create a new directory for someone or something make sure the group and owner are appropriate with Is –Ia and chown/chgrp
 - Google google google! And make backups!
- c. Test Job: Sometimes as an admin its valuable to have a job that you can submit to test the status of the cluster/condor/etc. Ben Locke made me (Xenia) this one so as long as it exists it can be used. It runs in about 1 minute and does basically nothing.

It needs to be run from */mnt/nas0/home/g4hep/geant4/examples/mytestapps/benL* Run it with

condor_submit submit.sub Check on the status by looking at it in the condor_q Condor_q | grep g4hep The output goes to /mnt/nas0/home/g4hep/geant4/examples/mytestapps/benL/mtsProtoBen dd a User:

d. Add a User:

We have a script to automate this process. Doing sudo adduser username. Won't create the home directory. Instead do...

sudo su root cd ~ ./UserCreationScript