



FNAL beam test data analysis A Hands-on session at CMS Upgrade School

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- FIT & U.Va operated 10 triple-GEM detectors in Oct. 2013 at Fermilab Test Beam Facility (FTBF), 4 of them worked as reference detectors (trackers). All detectors worked in Ar:CO₂(70/30) gas.
- All data were taken with 32GeV/c mixed hadrons (p, π, K).
- One CMS GE1/1-III GEM detector was tested in this beam test. 8 APVs were read out one time
- (1APV/sector).
- For the CMS GEM detector, We did <u>HV scan in the middle-</u> <u>sector 5</u>, and <u>position scan</u> for the entire chamber (except sector 1) (we scanned along three lines: the lower, middle and upper lines).





A quick look at the GEM foils & the chamber













One more thing to be in mind:

-> the CMS GEM detector has a trapezoidal shape, the (1 dimensional) readout strips run in radial direction and can measure polar phi-coordinate. We measure hit (we often say cluster) positions in polar coordinates, so we'll transfer Cartesian to polar system for the trackers in some of the analysis, for instance, resolution studies.



A quick look at readout strips







A quick look at the raw data



```
EventNb 3 \longrightarrow Event number
ETA05 2 370.706 42.3435 105.264 106 97.85 105 272.856
REF1X 3 519.867 -18.5821 81.0447 80 106.392 81 283.868 82
                                                             129.608
REF1Y 3 1226.25 5.14787 140.37 139 79.0594 140 614.82
                                                      141 532.367
REF2X 3 305.978 3.37365 135.934 135 99.4558 136 127.224 137 79.2983
REF2Y 3 283.757 9.39132 150.978 150 75.5257 151 138.86
                                                      152 69.3718
REF3X 2 227.502 -1.25998 124.35 124 147.864 125 79.6377
REF3Y 3 320.561 4.65757 139.144 138 44.327 139 185.77 140 90.4638
VERTI 2 507.993 0 14.757 14 123.421 15 384.572
UVA1X 3 748.372 -33.289 479.278 478 62.5527 479 415.508 480 270.311
UVA1Y 3 432.49 -7.83315 667.917 667 125.291 668 217.767 669 89.4319
UVA3X 3 1547.99 -9.32205
                         104.195 103 208.174 104 830.001 105 509.814
UVA3Y 3 1348.69 22.1233 182.808 182 466.61 183 674.216 184 207.862
ZZ01M 3 1342.62 5.99074 26.3743 27 575.017 26 695.116 25
                                                            72.4907
ZZ02S 1 416.201 5.21063 26 26 416.201
EventNb 4
ETA05 2 409.129 29.28 91.1656 92 67.7716 91 341.357
```

The contents in each line (except the event number line) are: (1) detector plane name: "ETA05" means sector 5 in the CMS GEM;

(2)number of fired strips in this plane;

(3) cluster charge (in ADC counts);

(4) cluster position in mm;

(5) cluster position in strip number;

(6)Groups of strip number *i* and charge on it, i=1,2,...,n, *n* is the number in (2).

Notes: (a) in one event not all detectors have signal due to inefficiency (and some other reasons like fluctuation, noise, ...); (b) please focus on these planes: REF1X(Y), REF2X(Y), REF3X(Y), UVA3X(Y) and "ETA0*i*"(*i*=0,1,...,7).





- "Valid" event means an event that creates hits in both trackers and the CMS GEM detector.
- The "Script_ValidEventSelection.C" script does this work.

-> This script reads in the raw data file, outputs a new text file which contains the "valid" events that can be studied in further analysis.

-> The cut is basically on the cluster sizes in the detector planes. Cluster size means number of strips that are fired in an event.

-> Total 9 columns in the new output text file, the first 8 columns are clusters positions in trackers (both X and Y planes), the last column is the cluster position in the CMS GEM detector in phi-coordinate (radian).

We'll go through the script briefly ...



Script_ValidEventSelection.C



To run the script:
(1)"root -l" in a terminal; -> open ROOT
(2)".L Script_ValidEventSelection.C"; -> load the script
(3)"main()". -> execute the function

20 21 - 22 23	<pre>using namespace std; int main() {</pre>
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	<pre>// Raw Text File Name to be processed fstream fin("./FNAL_HVscanData_CMSGEM_textFormat/Cluster_run010_HVScan_3800V_32GeV_20131017_0744am.txt",ios::in); // Output text file name for selected events // file names can be changed by yourselves. fstream fout("Position_run001_HVScan_UVa3800_25GeV_20131014_344am_Allstrip.txt",ios::out); // All cluster size > 0 //fstream fout2("Position_run001_HVScan_UVa3800_25GeV_20131014_344am_2strip.txt",ios::out); // I want only cluster // ROOT_file_to_save_some_distributions, 2D_bistograms, etc.</pre>
36 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79	<pre>TString rootfile = Form("Histograms_run001_HVScan.root"); // set number of hits cut conditions Bool_t cutNHitsREF2=kFALSE; if((NHitsREF2X[i]>0) && (NHitsREF2Y[i]>0)) {cutNHitsREF2=kTRUE;}//cout<<"REF2 true"<<endl;} (nhitsref3x[i]="" bool_t="" cutnhitsref3="kFALSE;" if(="">0) && (NHitsREF3Y[i]>0)) {cutNHitsREF3=kTRUE;}/cout<<"REF3 true"<<endl;} (nhitsuva3x[i]="" bool_t="" cutnhitsuva3="kFALSE;" if(="">0) && (NHitsREF3Y[i]>0)) {cutNHitsREF3=kTRUE;}/cout<<"REF3 true"<<endl;} (nhitsuva3x[i]="" bool_t="" cutnhitsref1="kFALSE;" if(="">0) && (NHitsUVA3Y[i]>0)) {cutNHitsUVA3=kTRUE;}/cout<<"REF1 true"<<endl;} bool_t="" cutnhitscms="kFALSE;" if(="" nhitscmseta5[i]="">0) && (NHitsREF1Y[i]>0)) {cutNHitsREF1=kTRUE;}/cout<<"REF1 true"<<endl;} bool_t="" cutnhitscms="kFALSE;" if(="" nhitscmseta5[i]="">0) {cutNHitsCMS=kTRUE;} // A valid event should leave hits on all tracker detector planes Bool_t trigger=kFALSE; if(cutNHitsREF2=kTRUE && cutNHitsREF3=kTRUE && cutNHitsUVA3=kTRUE) trigger=kTRUE; if(trigger) {</endl;}></endl;}></endl;}></endl;}></endl;}></pre>
.80 .81 - .82 .83 .84 .85	<pre>if (NHitsCMSEta5[i]>=1) { totalEvents++; if (totalEvents%100==0) cout<<"total valide events: "<<totalevents<<endl; fout<<pre="">pREF2X[i]<<"\t"<<pre>pREF2Y[i]<<"\t"<<pre>pREF3X[i]<<"\t"<<pre>pREF3Y[i]<<"\t"<<pre>pUVA3X[i]<<"\t"<<pre>o</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></totalevents<<endl;></pre>



Spatial resolution study



- Another "Script_GetResiduals.C" reads in the new text file, fits tracks and histograms residuals for trackers and the CMS GEM. We'll focus on residual distributions for the CMS GEM.
- The detectors need to be aligned before residuals can be calculated. We ignore the alignment procedure, the final alignment parameters are set in this script. (For HV scan, since detectors were not moved, one group of alignment parameters is OK; for position scan we'll have to do alignment for different positions.)
- In track fitting, we do exclusive and inclusive fits. Exclusive (Inclusive) means hit position in CMS GEM is excluded (included) when fitting a track. So we'll get both exclusive and inclusive residual distributions. The residual distributions are fitted with a double Gaussian function ("*Script_doubleGausFit.C*"), and the primary sigma (width) in each fit will be taken as exclusive and inclusive resolutions (*σ_{ex} and σ_{in}*).
- Finally we calculate resolution from the geometric mean of the widths: $\sigma = \sqrt{\sigma_{ex} \times \sigma_{in}}$, and error can be simply propagated.



Script_GetResiduals.C



Same way to run this script!



Change "_Residuals_Inclusive.root" to "_Residuals_Exclusive.root" If calculate exclusive residual,



For *Inclusive track fit*, please make sure the lines 196—204 are the same as on the left, for *exclusive track fit*, please change those lines accordingly to the right.



Practice with the ValidEventSelection script



- -> Within the HV scan data (10 files), use any one file;
- -> Select events that has size >= 1 in all tracker planes, and also >=1 in the CMS GEM;
- -> Note that we can also study the clusters that have a certain size, eg., 2-strip clusters.
- -> Check the output text file;
- -> Also a root file is output, some histograms are stored in it. It'll also be interesting to check them.



Practice with the GetResiduals script



-> Use one newly output text files, run the script with "Exclusive" mode and "Inclusive" mode,

-> then read residual widths of both, and calculate geometric mean for the resolution

-> do the same thing for all HV points.





Summary



- Resolutions at different HV points can be analyzed with the two scripts.
- The first script is actually can be used to do some other analyses:

 cluster charge distribution;
 detection efficiencies;
 cluster sizes characters; etc... please implement them if you are
 interested!







Run	HV(V)	Exclusive (µrad)	Ex_er r	Inclusive (µrad)	In_err	Geo. Mean	err
10	2900	167.8	2.1	133.8	1.7	149.8	2.7
11	2950	170.5	2	135.8	1.6	152.2	2.5
12	3000	166.3	1.8	132	1	148.2	1.9
13	3050	156.8	1.6	125.1	1.3	140.1	2.0
14	3100	152.1	1.5	120.2	1.2	135.2	1.9
16	3200	140.9	1.3	112.2	1.0	125.7	1.6
17	3250	137.9	1.3	110.7	1.0	123.6	1.6
18	3300	144	1	114.6	1.1	128.5	1.5
19	3350	142.6	1.4	114	1	127.5	1.7