CITY OF LONGBEACH

# CLIMATE ACTION LADAPTATION PLAN **Executive Summary**

November 2020

#### CLIMATE ACTION AND ADAPTATION PLAN VISION

Preparing Long Beach for climate change presents both daunting challenges and extraordinary opportunities. It will require changes to many things we take for granted—how we power our homes, how we get around, how businesses and industry are run, how and where buildings get built, what we consume, and what we throw away. But rather than just an inconvenient necessity, adapting Long Beach to climate change and reducing our contribution to its causes also presents an unprecedented opportunity to improve quality of life for all Long Beach residents and remedy long-standing inequities.

Through implementing a coordinated response to climate change, we can address public health disparities, foster economic opportunities, and realize a vision of Long Beach where everyone can live in thriving communities built on sustainability and resilience. Here we summarize the vision and actions for the Climate Action and Adaptation Plan (CAAP) that the City of Long Beach has developed through extensive stakeholder and community input.

#### VISION

The vision of the Long Beach CAAP is to create a more sustainable, resilient and equitable city by addressing climate change in a way that remedies existing environmental health disparities while also improving health, quality of life, and enhancing economic vitality throughout Long Beach.

The implementation of the CAAP will help Long Beach realize:

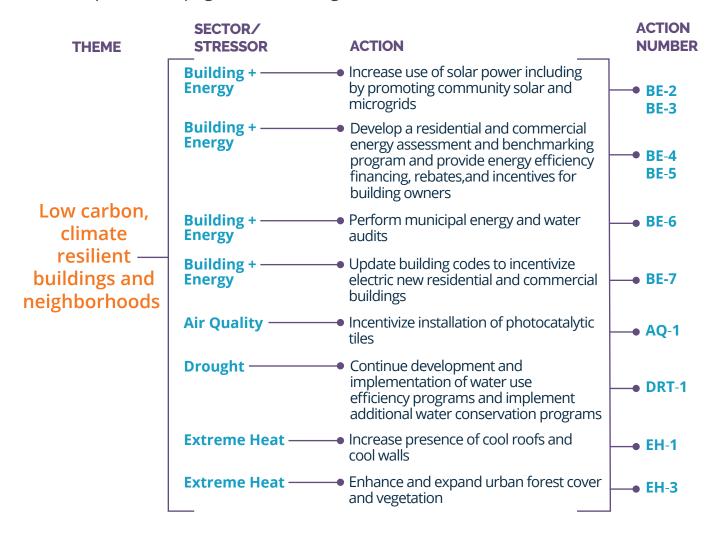
- 1 Low carbon, climate resilient buildings and neighborhoods
- Safe and adaptable infrastructure
- Protected and enhanced natural systems
- A healthy, resilient and ready population
- Residents and businesses with minimized carbon footprints

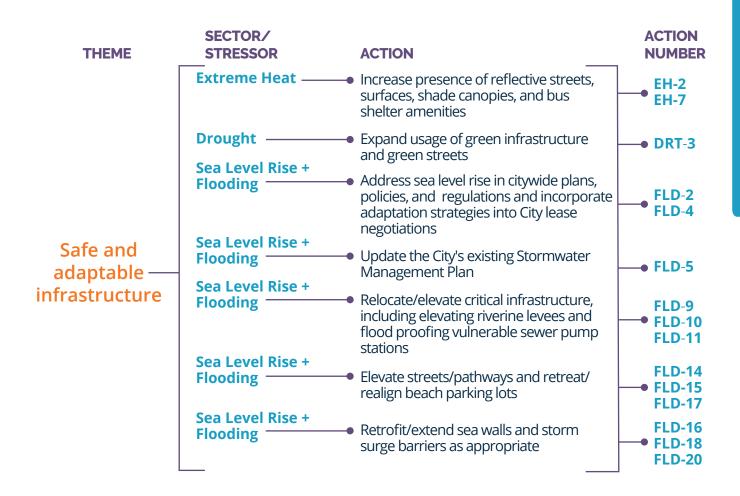
The City, in conjunction with relevant partners, will implement a range of actions to reduce greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions and adapt to climate change impacts. The actions the City will take are organized overleaf by desired outcomes that represent the underlying values of the CAAP.

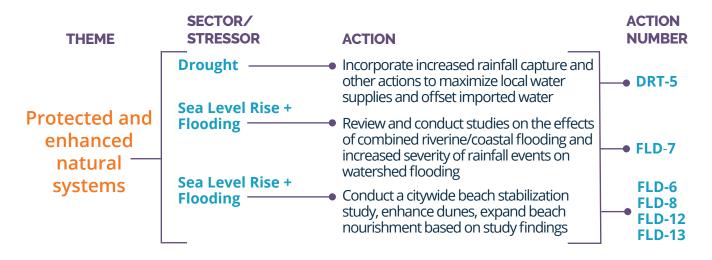


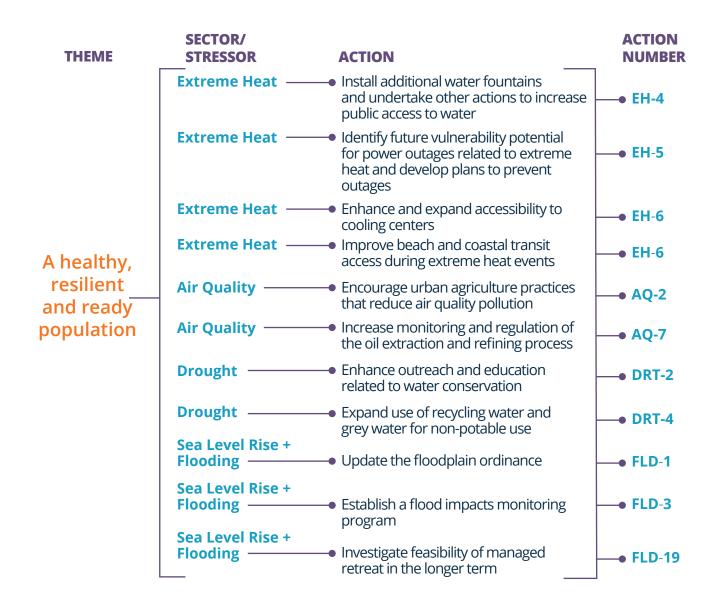
## HOW LONG BEACH WILL ACHIEVE THE CAAP OUTCOMES

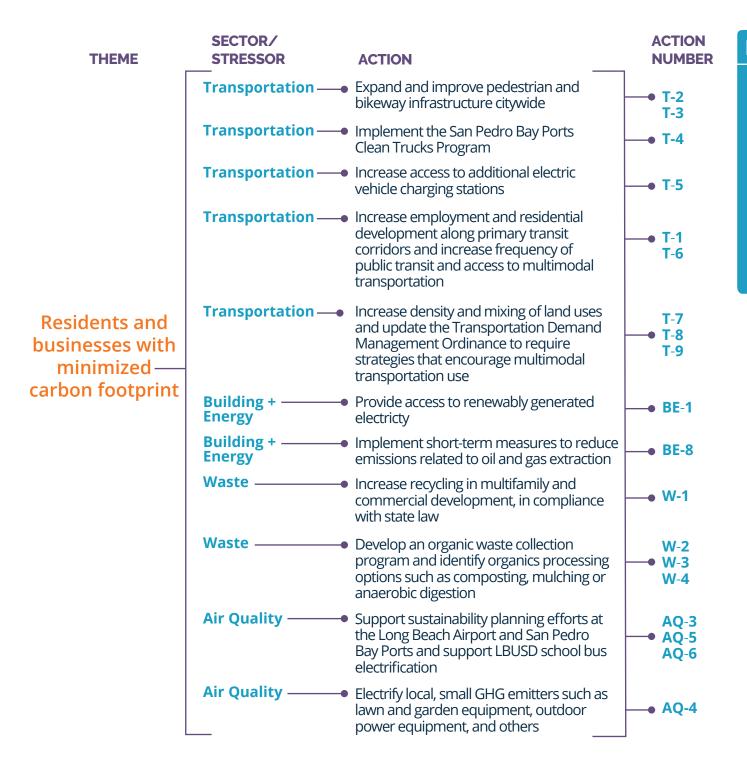
These themes are desired high level outcomes of the plan, and what will be done generally to achieve them. However, it is not an exhaustive list of all the actions, please see pages ES-13 through ES-16 for the full list.











## HOW WE DEVELOPED THE PLAN – LISTENING TO YOU



Stakeholder engagement was key to the process and had two main components – first, working with a series of stakeholder working groups, and second, extensive public outreach. The City is grateful to all those who provided input. Input from the scientific community input is reflected in the climate science, vulnerability assessment, and other technical appendices. Community input is reflected in the plan's vision and goals, the policies and strategies that have been included and prioritized, and the way in which various actions are anticipated to be implemented.







Early in the engagement process, staff set out to create an inclusive, community-centered planning process to broadly engage the Long Beach community, but with particular attention to those most affected by climate change. The community engagement strategy for the CAAP was based on an equity assessment conducted in partnership with other City departments, including Long Beach Parks, Recreation, and Marine, and the Health and Human Services Department.

# 10,260

TOTAL estimated participants

1,395

b/

sign-ins ev



200

ESTIMATED PARTICIPANTS

98 sign-ins

- Validate the project methodology;
- Provide feedback and input on local data;
- Review results and early actions.



200
ESTIMATED
PARTICIPANTS
97 sign-ins

- Provide input on climate-related; their concerns
- Review existing actions;
- Recommend future opportunities.



500
ESTIMATED
PARTICIPANTS
107 sign-ins

- Input on the public engagement approach;
- Provide input on Climate-related concerns;
- Review proposed actions.

#### **SCIENTIFIC WORKING GROUP**

#### 13 Independent Experts

#### **3** meetings

California State University, Long Beach; Long Beach Community College; the University of California, Los Angeles; the Aquarium of the Pacific, the South Coast Air Quality Management District, and RAND Corporation.

#### **COMMUNITY WORKING GROUP**

#### **20**Local Community Groups

#### **2** meetings

Neighborhood associations, environmental justice organizations, church and religious organizations, clean energy advocates, community assets and open space organizations, and health and wellbeing organizations.

#### **BUSINESS WORKING GROUP**

**24** Businesses

#### **2** meetings

Including architecture, engineering, utilities, sustainability consultants, business association leaders and the Chamber of Commerce.

#### **ENGAGED YOUTH LEADERS**

#### **13**Educational Institutes

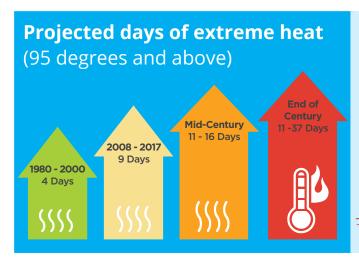
#### multiple meetings

California State University, Long Beach; Long Beach City College; Long Beach Unified School District; St. Anthony's High School; Youth Leadership Long Beach; and Aquarium of the Pacific youth volunteers

#### HOW CLIMATE CHANGE WILL IMPACT LONG BEACH

As part of the CAAP process, the most up-to-date science and local climate projections for the main climate change impacts—extreme heat, sea level rise, and precipitation—and two secondary impacts relating to air quality and drought were reviewed. The City used this information to carry out a Climate Vulnerability Assessment, which explored how these climate stressors will impact different types of city assets (see the graphic below). As climate models and projections are improved and updated with new data and observations, they will be used to inform future updates of the CAAP.

#### **Extreme Heat**



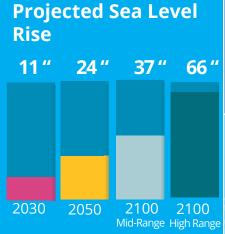
As extreme heat gets worse, the urban heat island effect could accelerate. The urban heat island effect impacts low-income areas and communitites of color in North, Central and West Long Beach the most.

#### **Sea Level Rise and Increased Precipitation**



Rising seas and heavier storms

are expected to threaten our



Certain low-lying areas are expected to be at greater risk due to sea level rise in combination with high tides, storm events, and more intense precipitation.

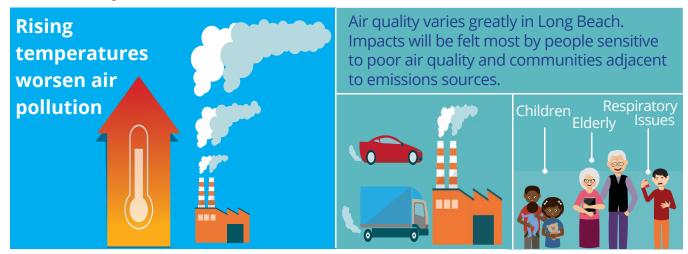
Although climate change is impacting the entire city, some communities within Long Beach already experience disproportionate environmental health burdens and have the highest social vulnerability to climate change. As Long Beach prepares for an uncertain climate future, the City will support these communities to make sure they can thrive.

#### Drought

Temperature and precipitation changes are expected to worsen droughts and reduce snowpack and access to imported water, all while increasing demand for water.



#### **Air Quality**

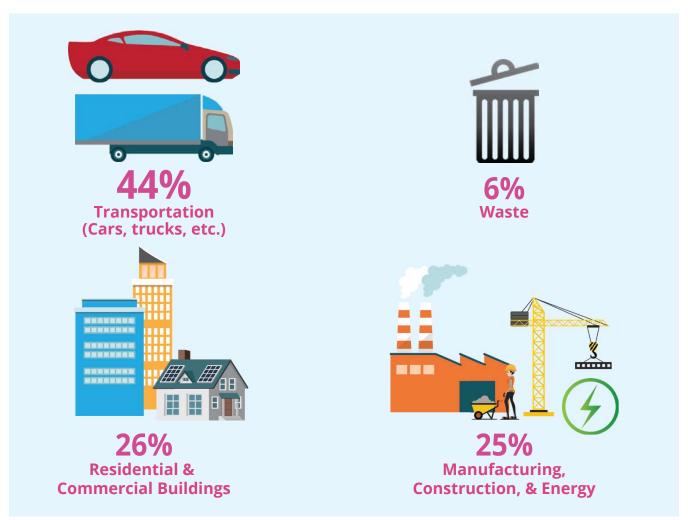


#### HOW LONG BEACH IMPACTS CLIMATE CHANGE

The reduction of GHG emissions is one of the primary objectives of the CAAP, and the goal is net zero emissions by 2045. An interim target for 2030 has been identified to help the City achieve this goal. Developing meaningful reduction strategies and evaluating their ability to meet a GHG target first requires an understanding of the community's baseline and projected future emissions levels.

The City developed a production inventory that analyzes emissions from local activities such as vehicle travel, building energy use, and waste disposal. Emissions occurring from vessel operations at the Port of Long Beach are, in part, regulated at the state level by the California Air Resources Board (CARB), and the City of Long Beach does not have the direct authority to dictate emissions reduction policies for private shipping companies that operate from the port. For this reason, port waterborne activity is not considered for GHG target-setting purposes.

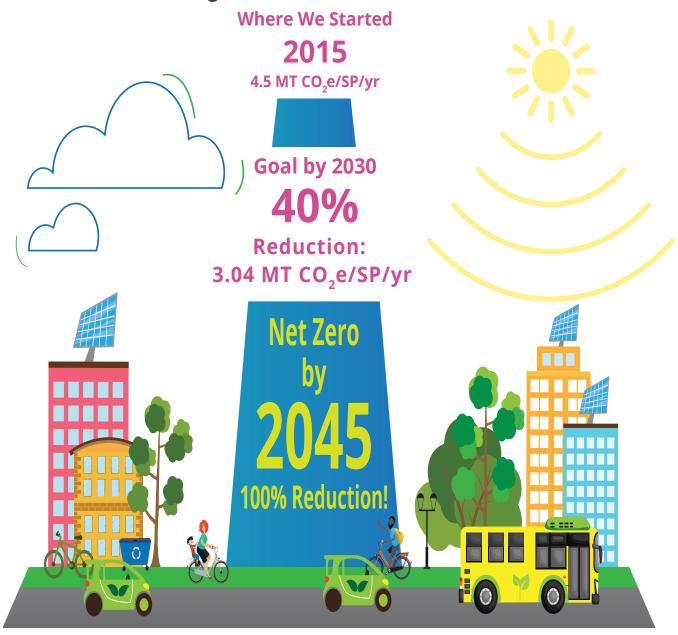
#### Where do Our Emissions Come From?



Notes: Residential & commercial buildings and manufacturing, construction and energy are consolidated as "stationary energy" in the Production Inventory. The Total Production Inventory also includes port waterborne activity emissions. (chapter 5)

The City developed a high-level consumption-based inventory to understand emissions resulting from the consumption of goods and services by city residents (for information purposes only). The City also analyzed the life cycle emissions associated with oil and gas extraction activities in Long Beach to present a holistic view of the City's total contribution to global emissions and to help identify possible reductions in the long term. The City can most directly influence emissions related to the production-based inventory, and CAAP actions will aim at reducing emissions from this inventory.

#### **Our Carbon Challenge**



MT  $CO_2e/SP/yr = Metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent per service population (population + employment)$ 

## HOW WE ARE GOING TO REDUCE OUR VULNERABILITY TO CLIMATE IMPACTS



#### **Extreme Heat**

Goal: Long Beach buildings, neighborhoods, and infrastructure are climate resilient, reduce the urban heat island effect, and are set up to ensure and improve public health and safety in the face of extreme heat events

OBJECTIVES  New and existing buildings, streets, and public spaces reduce extreme heat through incorporation of cool surfaces and green infrastructure	NO. EH-1 EH-2 EH-3	ACTIONS Increase presence of cool roofs and cool walls Increase the presence of reflective streets, cool surfaces, and shade canopies Enhance and expand urban forest cover and vegetation
All residents have access to services and programs to withstand extreme heat events	EH-4 EH-5 EH-6	Install additional water fountains and other actions to increase public access to water Identify future vulnerability potential for power outages related to extreme heat and develop plans to prevent such outages Enhance and expand the accessibility of cooling centers
Public transit is a comfortable and viable mobility option during extreme heat events, especially for transitdependent populations	EH-7 EH-8	Provide bus shelter amenities Improve beach and coastal transit access during extreme heat events



#### **Air Quality**

Goal: All Long Beach communities have clean air and improved public health

OBJECTIVES  Buildings and facilities actively reduce air pollution as a component of a broader energy reduction strategy.	NO. AQ-1 AQ-2	ACTIONS Incentivize installation of photocatalytic tiles Encourage urban agriculture practices that reduce air quality pollution
Emissions are reduced by shifting to cleaner equipment and vehicles.	AQ-3 AQ-4 AQ-5 AQ-6	Support the development of the Long Beach Airport Sustainability Plan  Electrify small local emitters, such as lawn and garden equipment, outdoor power equipment, and others  Work with Long Beach Unified School District (LBUSD) to support school bus electrification  Implement the Port of Long Beach Clean Air Action Plan
Air quality impacts from local oil and gas operations are minimized.	AQ-7	Increase monitoring and regulation of oil extraction and refining process



**Drought**Goal: Long Beach has a more sustainable and diverse water supply that reduces dependence on imported water and improves long-term water security

OBJECTIVES  Maximize water efficiency and conservation.	NO. <b>DRT-1 DRT-2</b>	ACTIONS  Continue development and implementation of water use efficiency programs and implement additional water conservation programs Enhance outreach and education related to water conservation
Maximize water that is captured and reused locally.	DRT-3 DRT-4 DRT-5	Expand usage of green infrastructure and green streets Expand usage of recycled water and greywater for non-potable use Incorporate increased rainfall capture and other actions to maximize local water supplies and offset imported water



## Sea Level Rise + Flooding Goal: Long Beach understands and is prepared for its future flood risk

OBJECTIVES	NO.	ACTIONS
<b>Short-Term Actions (to 2030)</b>		
City plans and policies are forward-looking and ensure projects and investments account for projected sea level and flooding impacts	FLD-1	Update and augment floodplain regulations as necessary
	FLD-2	Incorporate sea level rise language into citywide plans, policies, and regulations
	FLD-3	Establish a flood impacts monitoring program
lever and nooding impacts	FLD-4	Incorporate adaptation into City lease negotiations
	FLD-5	Update the City's existing Stormwater Management Plan
Clear and sufficient information is on hand to identify and prioritize near-term adaptation needs and best practices	FLD-6 FLD-7	Conduct citywide beach stabilization study Review and conduct studies of combined riverine/coastal flooding and increased severity of rainfall events on watershed flooding
Adaptation strategies are implemented to protect vulnerable shoreline areas and wastewater infrastructure	FLD-8 FLD-9	Enhance dunes Inventory and flood-proof vulnerable sewer pump stations

For Medium and Long Term Actions - see main plan document.

ES

#### HOW WE ARE GOING TO ACHIEVE OUR **GREENHOUSE GAS REDUCTION TARGETS**

BE

#### **Building + Energy**

Goal: Long Beach buildings are energy-efficient and our communities run on affordable, renewable electricity GHG Reductions 247,700 MT CO<sub>2</sub>e

OBJECTIVES Transition to a carbon-free, more resilient electricity system	NO. BE-1 BE-2 BE-3	ACTIONS Provide access to renewably generated electricity Increase use of solar power Promote community solar and microgrids
Increase the energy efficiencyof existing buildings/facilities	BE-4 BE-5 BE-6	Develop a residential and commercial energy assessment and benchmarking program  Provide access to energy efficiency financing, rebates, and incentives for building owners  Perform municipal energy and water audits
Ensure new buildings are low-carbon or carbon-neutral	BE-7	Update building codes to incentivize electric new residential and commercial buildings
Reduce emissions from local oil and gas extraction	BE-8	Implement short-term measures to reduce emissions related to oil and gas extraction



#### **Transportation**

Goal: Affordable, safe, carbon-free transportation choices connect all Long Beach communities to opportunity, clean air, and improved health

		GHG Reductions 30,480 MT CO₂e
OBJECTIVES	NO.	ACTIONS
Decrease reliance on personal motor vehicles and increase transit, biking, andwalking trips	T-1 T-2 T-3	Increase the frequency, speed, connectivity, and safety of transit options Expand and improve pedestrian infrastructure citywide Increase bikeway infrastructure citywide
Shift to low- and zero- emissions vehicles to move people and freight	T-4 T-5	Implement the Port of Long Beach Clean Trucks Program Develop an Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Master Plan
Prioritize the development of transit-oriented neighborhoodswith a mix of jobs, services, and housing	T-6 T-7 T-8 T-9	Increase employment and residential development along primary transit corridors  Update the Transportation Demand Management Ordinance Increase the density and mixing of land uses Integrate SB 743 planning with the CAAP process



#### Waste

Goal: Long Beach is a zero-waste city

GHG Reductions 85,070 MT CO<sub>2</sub>e

OBJECTIVES	NO.	ACTIONS
Materials that can be recycled are recycled	W-1	Ensure compliance with state law requirements for multifamily and commercial property recycling programs
	W-2	Develop an organic waste collection program for City-serviced accounts
Collect all organic waste for composting or clean energy generation	W-3 W-4	Partner with private waste haulers to expand organic waste collection community-wide Identify organic waste management options
8011010111	•• •	identity organic waste management options



#### WHAT CAN YOU DO?

Upgrade to energy-efficient lighting and appliances and improve building insulation. Seek programs and rebates for conducting energy assessments, installing solar panels, etc. Take public transit, bicycle, and walk instead of driving when possible. Conserve water by installing water-saving fixtures and adopting behavioral changes, such as reducing shower length, reducing flush frequency, and reusing greywater (e.g., sink to garden). Reduce the use of single-use disposables and compost food scraps at home to reduce the waste sent to landfills. Replace lawns with native and drought-tolerant gardens and landscaping. Use blackout curtains to keep your home cool and be aware of local air-conditioned locations such as cooling centers. Prepare your home for flooding by storing sandbags and elevating equipment off the ground or floor. Sign up for Alert Long Beach for flood alert notifications. Shop locally at farmers markets, local businesses, and thrift stores to reduce transportation emissions and support the local economy. Learn a nutritious, plant-based recipe. Commit to more meatless meals to help reduce the contribution of meat and dairy production to climate change. Create an emergency plan with your household. Get to know your neighbors so that all can be better connected in case of an emergency. Keep a journal recording your observations of plants and animals near your home. Cultivate a practice of observing the effects of climate change impacts and witness how nature is responding.1 Join an environmental organization that participates in advocacy, community service such as local tree plantings and cleanups, environmental education, and other activities.



<sup>1</sup>Hineline, Mark L. Ground Truth: A Guide to Tracking Climate Change at Home. University of Chicago Press, 2018.

## CITY OF LONGBEACH



#### **Long Beach Development Services**

411 W. Ocean Blvd., 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor Long Beach, CA 90802

Visit us at longbeach.gov/lbds Email us at lbds@longbeach.gov



To request this information in an alternative format or to request a reasonable accommodation, please contact the Development Services Department at longbeach.gov/lbds and 562.570.3807. A minimum of three business days is requested to ensure availability; attempts will be made to accommodate requests with shorter notice.