South Carolina's Renewable Energy & Climate Policies & Programs: Lessons for Federal Policies & Actions

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Presented By:

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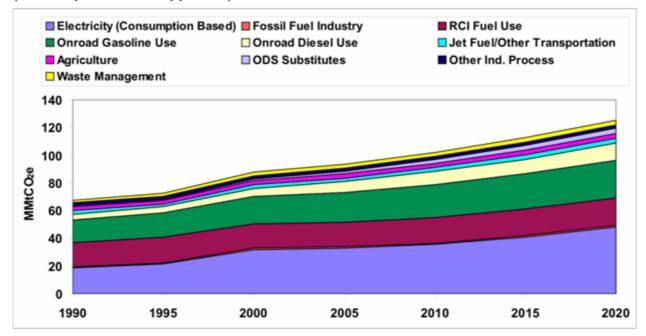
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SC Emissions By Sector

Figure EX-1. Gross GHG emissions by sector, 1990–2020: historical and projected (consumption-based approach) business-as-usual/base case



MMtCO₂e = million metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent; RCI = direct fuel use in residential, commercial, and industrial sectors; ODS = ozone depleting substance; Ind. = industrial.



Planning Process, Results & Challenges

- A broad array of stakeholders comprised the Climate, Energy & Commerce Advisory Committee (CECAC), which was broken up into topic Task Forces
- Numerous Task Force and Full Committee meetings
- Reviewed and issued recommendations
- Governor has not yet acted



South Carolina's Renewable Energy Programs

- 2004: Secured a DOE Biomass planning grant
- Created a Biomass Development Program
- 2006: Created broadly representative SC Biomass Council (SCBC)—www.scbiomass.org
- SCBC developed and lobbied for State Biomass and Bio-Energy Programs
- 2007: General Assembly overrode Governor's veto and programs began to be implemented



Lessons Learned

- State-level planning and actions are important & should be encouraged
- State governmental actions and support are critical
- Federal encouragement and support of state planning is helpful
- Feedback about state efforts can help shape federal policies and programs



Case Study: How South Carolina's Renewable Energy Programs & Policies Are Helping ATP Commercialize Torrefaction Technology

By

Joseph J. James, President Agri-Tech Producers, LLC (ATP)



The Problem

Untreated cellulosic biomass may be as much as 50% water, it's bulky, of low value, fibrous, perishable, costly to transport and it's not the most efficient or useable biofuel or bio-feedstock.

Solution: NC State University's Unique Application of Torrefaction Technology

- Untreated Biomass:
 - Bulky
 - Moist
 - Fibrous
 - Perishable
 - Waste
 - Expensive to transport

- Torrefied Biomass:
 - Dense, If Pelletized, Etc.
 - Dry & Water Resistant
 - Easily Crushed
 - Does Not Rot
 - Valuable Fuel
 - Energy Dense

Torrefaction: Process & Benefits

- Heating (300-400° C) wood, in a low-oxygen environment, evaporates water, volatile organic compounds (VOC's), and hemicellulose (HC) from the cellulose and lignin.
- The VOC's and HC are combusted to generate 80% of the torrefaction process heat.
- The resulting and remaining warm lignin acts as a binder when the torrefied wood is compressed.
- Torrefied wood cost-effectively replaces coal, makes superior pellets and is a superior feedstock for further pyrolysis or gasification for combined heat and power or Fischer-Tropsch liquids. Shipping costs/BTU are reduced.



Agri-Tech Producers, LLC "Meeting Tomorrow's Needs Today"

South Carolina's Programs

- **SCREG:** Provides matching bio-energy grants.
- **SC EPSCoR:** Covers costs of developing SBIR/STTR grant applications.
- **SC Launch:** Provides matching grants for high-growth technology companies.
- Technical Assistance: Includes matchmaking and other technical support.
- One-Stop Shop: Coordinates the process of state development and regulatory approvals.

Suggested Federal Actions

- Enact a Comprehensive Climate/Energy Bill: Will create stimulative market conditions.
- Small Business Financing: Quickly un-freeze and expand the availability of debt capital.
- Regional Differences: Recognize regional strengths and weaknesses.
- Regional Cooperation: Encourage states, universities and companies, within regions of common renewable energy resources, to collaborate.

Suggested Federal Actions Cont...

- Promote Inter-Agency Collaboration: Encourage various federal agencies to coordinate and expedite their programs at the national and regional level.
- Promote Rural Development and Poverty
 Reduction Opportunities: Biomass utilization
 stimulates rural development and poverty
 reduction.
- Biomass Zones: Create multi-state Biomass Zones to achieve multiple benefits.

Thanks!!!

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